

107TH CONGRESS
1ST SESSION

S. _____

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr. SARBANES introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred to the Committee on _____

A BILL

To amend the Truth in Lending Act to protect consumers against predatory practices in connection with high cost mortgage transactions, to strengthen the civil remedies available to consumers under existing law, and for other purposes.

1 *Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-*
2 *tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,*

3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**

4 This Act may be cited as the “Predatory Lending
5 Consumer Protection Act of 2002”.

6 **SEC. 2. TRUTH IN LENDING ACT DEFINITIONS.**

7 (a) HIGH COST MORTGAGES.—

1 the application for the extension of
2 credit is received by the creditor;

3 “(II) the transaction is secured
4 by a junior or subordinate mortgage
5 on the principal dwelling of the con-
6 sumer, and the annual percentage
7 rate on the credit, at the consumma-
8 tion of the transaction, will exceed by
9 more than 8 percentage points the
10 yield on Treasury securities having
11 comparable periods of maturity on the
12 15th day of the month immediately
13 preceding the month in which the ap-
14 plication for the extension of credit is
15 received by the creditor; or

16 “(III) the total points and fees
17 payable on the transaction will exceed
18 the greater of 5 percent of the total
19 loan amount, or \$1,000, excluding not
20 more than 2 bona fide discount
21 points.

22 “(B) INTRODUCTORY RATES NOT TAKEN
23 INTO ACCOUNT.—For purposes of subparagraph
24 (A)(ii), the annual percentage rate of interest
25 shall be determined—

1 “(i) in the case of a fixed-rate loan in
2 which the annual percentage rate will not
3 vary during the term of the loan, as the
4 rate in effect on the date of consummation
5 of the transaction;

6 “(ii) in the case of a loan in which the
7 rate of interest varies according to an
8 index, or is less than the rate of interest
9 which will apply after the end of an initial
10 or introductory period, by adding the index
11 rate in effect on the date of consummation
12 of the transaction to the maximum margin
13 permitted at any time during the loan
14 agreement; and

15 “(iii) in the case of any other loan in
16 which the rate may vary at any time dur-
17 ing the term of the loan for any reason, by
18 including in the finance charge component
19 of the annual percentage rate—

20 “(I) the interest charged on the
21 loan at the maximum rate that may
22 be charged during the term of the
23 loan; and

24 “(II) any other applicable
25 charges that would otherwise be in-

1 cluded in accordance with section
2 106.”.

3 (2) TECHNICAL AND CONFORMING AMEND-
4 MENT.—Section 103(aa)(2) of the Truth in Lending
5 Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(aa)(2)) is amended—

6 (A) by striking subparagraph (B); and

7 (B) by redesignating subparagraph (C) as
8 subparagraph (B).

9 (b) POINTS AND FEES.—Section 103(aa)(4) of the
10 Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(aa)(4)) is
11 amended—

12 (1) by striking subparagraph (B) and inserting
13 the following:

14 “(B) all compensation paid directly or indi-
15 rectly by a consumer or a creditor to a mort-
16 gage broker;”;

17 (2) by redesignating subparagraph (D) as sub-
18 paragraph (G); and

19 (3) by striking subparagraph (C) and inserting
20 the following:

21 “(C) each of the charges listed in section
22 106(e) (except an escrow for future payment of
23 taxes and insurance);

24 “(D) the cost of all premiums financed by
25 the lender, directly or indirectly, for any credit

1 life, credit disability, credit unemployment or
2 credit property insurance, or any other life or
3 health insurance, or any payments financed by
4 the lender, directly or indirectly, for any debt
5 cancellation or suspension agreement or con-
6 tract, except that, for purposes of this subpara-
7 graph, insurance premiums or debt cancellation
8 or suspension fees calculated and paid on a
9 monthly basis shall not be considered financed
10 by the lender;

11 “(E) the maximum prepayment penalties
12 that may be charged or collected under the
13 terms of the loan documents;

14 “(F) all prepayment fees or penalties that
15 are charged to the borrower if the loan refi-
16 nances a previous loan made by the same cred-
17 itor or an affiliate of that creditor; and”.

18 (c) HIGH COST MORTGAGE LENDER.—Section
19 103(f) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1602(f))
20 is amended by striking the last sentence and inserting
21 “Any person who originates 2 or more mortgages referred
22 to in subsection (aa) in any 12-month period, any person
23 who originates 1 or more such mortgages through a mort-
24 gage broker or acted as a mortgage broker between origi-
25 nators and consumers on more than 5 mortgages referred

1 to in subsection (aa) within the preceding 12-month pe-
2 riod, and any creditor-affiliated party shall be considered
3 to be a creditor for purposes of this title.”.

4 (d) BONA FIDE DISCOUNT POINTS AND BENCHMARK
5 RATE DEFINED.—Section 103 of the Truth in Lending
6 Act (15 U.S.C. 1602) is amended by adding at the end
7 the following:

8 “(cc) OTHER INTEREST RATE RELATED TERMS.—

9 “(1) BENCHMARK RATE.—The term ‘bench-
10 mark rate’ means an interest rate that the borrower
11 may reduce by paying bona fide discount points, not
12 to exceed the weekly average yield of United States
13 Treasury securities having a maturity of 5 years, on
14 the 15th day of the month immediately preceding
15 the month in which the loan is made, plus 5 percent-
16 age points.

17 “(2) BONA FIDE DISCOUNT POINTS.—The term
18 ‘bona fide discount points’ means loan discount
19 points which are—

20 “(A) knowingly paid by the borrower;

21 “(B) paid for the express purpose of low-
22 ering the benchmark rate;

23 “(C) in fact reducing the interest rate or
24 time-price differential applicable to the loan

1 from an interest rate which does not exceed the
2 benchmark rate; and

3 “(D) recouped within the first 4 years of
4 the scheduled loan payments.

5 “(3) RECOUPMENT.—For purposes of para-
6 graph (2)(D), loan discount points shall be consid-
7 ered to be recouped within the first 4 years of the
8 scheduled loan payments if the reduction in the in-
9 terest rate that is achieved by the payment of the
10 loan discount points reduces the interest charged on
11 the scheduled payments, such that the dollar amount
12 of savings in payments made by the borrower over
13 the first 4 years is equal to or exceeds the dollar
14 amount of loan discount points paid by the bor-
15 rower.”.

16 **SEC. 3. AMENDMENTS TO EXISTING REQUIREMENTS FOR**
17 **HIGH COST CONSUMER MORTGAGES.**

18 (a) ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES.—Section 129(a)(1)
19 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(a)(1)) is
20 amended by adding at the end the following:

21 “(C) ‘The interest rate on this loan is
22 much higher than most people pay. This means
23 the chance that you will lose your home is much
24 higher if you do not make all payments under
25 the loan.’.

1 “(D) ‘You may be able to get a loan with
2 a much lower interest rate. Before you sign any
3 papers, you have the right to go see a housing
4 or consumer credit counseling agency, as well
5 as to consult other lenders to find ways to get
6 a cheaper loan.’.

7 “(E) ‘If you are taking out this loan to
8 repay other loans, look to see how many months
9 it will take to pay for this loan and what the
10 total amount is that you will have to pay before
11 this loan is repaid. Even though the total
12 amount you will have to pay each month for
13 this loan may be less than the total amount you
14 are paying each month for those other loans,
15 you may have to pay on this loan for many
16 more months than those other loans which will
17 cost you more money in the end.’”.

18 (b) PREPAYMENT PENALTY PROVISIONS.—Section
19 129(c) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(c))
20 is amended to read as follows:

21 “(c) PREPAYMENT PENALTY PROVISIONS.—

22 “(1) NO PREPAYMENT PENALTIES AFTER END
23 OF 24-MONTH PERIOD.—A mortgage referred to in
24 section 103(aa) may not contain terms under which
25 a consumer must pay any prepayment penalty for

1 any payment made after the end of the 24-month
2 period beginning on the date the mortgage is con-
3 summated.

4 “(2) NO PREPAYMENT PENALTIES IF MORE
5 THAN 3 PERCENT OF POINTS AND FEES WERE FI-
6 NANCED.—Subject to subsection (1)(1), a mortgage
7 referred to in section 103(aa) may not contain terms
8 under which a consumer must pay any prepayment
9 penalty for any payment made at or before the end
10 of the 24-month period referred to in paragraph (1)
11 if the creditor financed points or fees in connection
12 with the consumer credit transaction in an amount
13 equal to or greater than 3 percent of the total
14 amount of credit extended in the transaction.

15 “(3) LIMITED PREPAYMENT PENALTY FOR
16 EARLY REPAYMENT UNDER CERTAIN CIR-
17 CUMSTANCES.—Subject to paragraph (2), the terms
18 of a mortgage referred to in section 103(aa) may
19 contain terms under which a consumer must pay a
20 prepayment penalty for any payment made at or be-
21 fore the end of the 24-month period referred to in
22 paragraph (1) to the extent that the sum of the total
23 amount of points or fees financed by the creditor, if
24 any, in connection with the consumer credit trans-
25 action and the total amount payable as a prepay-

1 ment penalty does not exceed the amount which is
2 equal to 3 percent of the total amount of credit ex-
3 tended in the transaction.

4 “(4) CONSTRUCTION.—For purposes of this
5 subsection, any method of computing a refund of un-
6 earned scheduled interest is a prepayment penalty if
7 it is less favorable to the consumer than the actu-
8 arial method (as that term is defined in section
9 933(d) of the Housing and Community Development
10 Act of 1992).

11 “(5) PREPAYMENT PENALTY DEFINED.—The
12 term ‘prepayment penalty’ means any monetary pen-
13 alty imposed on a consumer for paying all or part
14 of the principal with respect to a consumer credit
15 transaction before the date on which the principal is
16 due.”.

17 (c) ALL BALLOON PAYMENTS PROHIBITED.—Section
18 129(e) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(e))
19 is amended by striking “having a term of less than 5
20 years”.

21 (d) ASSESSMENT OF ABILITY TO REPAY.—Section
22 129(h) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(h))
23 is amended—

24 (1) by striking “CONSUMER.—A creditor” and
25 inserting “CONSUMER.—

1 “(1) PROHIBITION ON PATTERNS AND PRAC-
2 TICES.—A creditor”; and

3 (2) by adding at the end the following:

4 “(2) CASE-BY-CASE ASSESSMENTS OF CON-
5 SUMER ABILITY TO PAY REQUIRED.—

6 “(A) IN GENERAL.—In addition to the pro-
7 hibition in paragraph (1) on engaging in certain
8 patterns and practices, a creditor may not ex-
9 tend any credit in connection with any mort-
10 gage referred to in section 103(aa) unless the
11 creditor has determined, at the time such credit
12 is extended, that 1 or more of the resident obli-
13 gors, when considered individually and collec-
14 tively, will be able to make the scheduled pay-
15 ments under the terms of the transaction based
16 on a consideration of the current and expected
17 income, current obligations, employment status,
18 and other financial resources of any such obli-
19 gor, without taking into account any equity of
20 any such obligor in the dwelling which is the se-
21 curity for the credit.

22 “(B) REGULATIONS.—The Board shall
23 prescribe, by regulation, the appropriate format
24 for determining the ability of a consumer to

1 make payments and the criteria to be consid-
2 ered in making that determination.

3 “(C) RESIDENT OBLIGOR.—For purposes
4 of this paragraph, the term ‘resident obligor’
5 means an obligor for whom the dwelling secur-
6 ing the extension of credit is, or upon the con-
7 summation of the transaction will be, the prin-
8 cipal residence.

9 “(3) VERIFICATION.—The requirements of
10 paragraphs (1) and (2) shall not be deemed to have
11 been met unless any information relied upon by the
12 creditor for purposes of any such paragraph has
13 been verified by the creditor independently of infor-
14 mation provided by any resident obligor.”.

15 (e) REQUIREMENTS RELATING TO HOME IMPROVE-
16 MENT CONTRACTS.—Section 129(i) of the Truth in Lend-
17 ing Act (15 U.S.C. 1639(i)) is amended—

18 (1) by striking “IMPROVEMENT CONTRACTS.—
19 A creditor” and inserting “IMPROVEMENT CON-
20 TRACTS.—

21 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A creditor”; and

22 (2) by adding at the end the following:

23 “(2) AFFIRMATIVE CLAIMS AND DEFENSES.—
24 Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any as-
25 signee or holder, in any capacity, of a mortgage re-

1 ferred to in section 103(aa) which was made, ar-
2 ranged, or assigned by a person financing home im-
3 provements to the dwelling of a consumer shall be
4 subject to all affirmative claims and defenses which
5 the consumer may have against the seller, home im-
6 provement contractor, broker, or creditor with re-
7 spect to such mortgage or home improvements.”.

8 (f) CLARIFICATION OF RESCISSION RIGHTS.—Sec-
9 tion 129(j) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C.
10 1639(j)) is amended to read as follows:

11 “(j) CONSEQUENCE OF FAILURE TO COMPLY.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—The consummation of a
13 consumer credit transaction resulting in a mortgage
14 referred to in section 103(aa) shall be treated as a
15 failure to deliver the material disclosures required
16 under this title for the purpose of section 125, if—

17 “(A) the mortgage contains a provision
18 prohibited by this section or does not contain a
19 provision required by this section; or

20 “(B) a creditor or other person fails to
21 comply with the provisions of this section,
22 whether by an act or omission, with regard to
23 such mortgage at any time.

24 “(2) RULE OF APPLICATION.—In any applica-
25 tion of section 125 to a mortgage described in sec-

1 “(B) the advance collection of a fee for any
2 debt cancellation or suspension agreement or
3 contract.

4 “(2) RULE OF CONSTRUCTION.—Paragraph (1)
5 shall not be construed as affecting the right of a
6 creditor to collect premium payments on insurance
7 or debt cancellation or suspension fees referred to in
8 paragraph (1) that are calculated and paid on a reg-
9 ular monthly basis, if the insurance transaction is
10 conducted separately from the mortgage transaction,
11 the insurance may be canceled by the consumer at
12 any time, and the insurance policy is automatically
13 canceled upon repayment or other termination of the
14 mortgage referred to in paragraph (1).”.

15 (b) RESTRICTION ON FINANCING POINTS AND
16 FEES.—Section 129 of the Truth in Lending Act (15
17 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by inserting after subsection (k)
18 (as added by subsection (a) of this section) the following:

19 “(1) RESTRICTION ON FINANCING POINTS AND
20 FEES.—

21 “(1) LIMIT ON AMOUNT OF POINTS AND FEES
22 THAT MAY BE FINANCED.—Subject to paragraphs
23 (2) and (3) of subsection (c), no creditor may, in
24 connection with the formation or consummation of a
25 mortgage referred to in section 103(aa), finance, di-

1 rectly or indirectly, any portion of the points, fees,
2 or other charges payable to the creditor or any third
3 party in an amount in excess of the greater of 3 per-
4 cent of the total loan amount or \$600.

5 “(2) PROHIBITION ON FINANCING CERTAIN
6 POINTS, FEES, OR CHARGES.—No creditor may, in
7 connection with the formation or consummation of a
8 mortgage referred to in section 103(aa), finance, di-
9 rectly or indirectly, any of the following fees or other
10 charges payable to the creditor or any third party:

11 “(A) Any prepayment fee or penalty re-
12 quired to be paid by the consumer in connection
13 with a loan or other extension of credit which
14 is being refinanced by such mortgage if the
15 creditor, with respect to such mortgage, or any
16 affiliate of the creditor, is the creditor with re-
17 spect to the loan or other extension of credit
18 being refinanced.

19 “(B) Any points, fees, or other charges re-
20 quired to be paid by the consumer in connection
21 with such mortgage if—

22 “(i) the mortgage is being entered
23 into in order to refinance an existing mort-
24 gage of the consumer that is referred to in
25 section 103(aa); and

1 “(ii) if the creditor, with respect to
2 such new mortgage, or any affiliate of the
3 creditor, is the creditor with respect to the
4 existing mortgage which is being refi-
5 nanced.”.

6 (c) CREDITOR CALL PROVISION.—Section 129 of the
7 Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by
8 inserting after subsection (l) (as added by subsection (b)
9 of this section) the following:

10 “(m) CREDITOR CALL PROVISION.—

11 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A mortgage referred to in
12 section 103(aa) may not include terms under which
13 the indebtedness may be accelerated by the creditor,
14 in the sole discretion of the creditor.

15 “(2) EXCEPTION.—Paragraph (1) shall not
16 apply when repayment of the loan has been acceler-
17 ated as a result of a bona fide default.”.

18 (d) PROHIBITION ON ACTIONS ENCOURAGING DE-
19 FAULT.—Section 129 of the Truth in Lending Act (15
20 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by inserting after subsection (m)
21 (as added by subsection (c) of this section) the following:

22 “(n) PROHIBITION ON ACTIONS ENCOURAGING DE-
23 FAULT.—No creditor may make any statement, take any
24 action, or fail to take any action before or in connection
25 with the formation or consummation of any mortgage re-

1 referred to in section 103(aa) to refinance all or any portion
2 of an existing loan or other extension of credit, if the state-
3 ment, action, or failure to act has the effect of encour-
4 aging or recommending the consumer to default on the
5 existing loan or other extension of credit at any time be-
6 fore, or in connection with, the closing or any scheduled
7 closing on such mortgage.”.

8 (e) MODIFICATION OR DEFERRAL FEES.—Section
9 129 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is
10 amended by inserting after subsection (n) (as added by
11 subsection (d) of this section) the following:

12 “(o) MODIFICATION OR DEFERRAL FEES.—

13 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as provided in para-
14 graph (2), a creditor may not charge any consumer
15 with respect to a mortgage referred to in section
16 103(aa) any fee or other charge—

17 “(A) to modify, renew, extend, or amend
18 such mortgage, or any provision of the terms of
19 the mortgage; or

20 “(B) to defer any payment otherwise due
21 under the terms of the mortgage.

22 “(2) EXCEPTION FOR MODIFICATIONS FOR THE
23 BENEFIT OF THE CONSUMER.—Paragraph (1) shall
24 not apply with respect to any fee imposed in connec-

1 tion with any action described in subparagraph (A)
2 or (B) if—

3 “(A) the action provides a material benefit
4 to the consumer; and

5 “(B) the amount of the fee or charge does
6 not exceed—

7 “(i) an amount equal to 0.5 percent of
8 the total loan amount; or

9 “(ii) in any case in which the total
10 loan amount of the mortgage does not ex-
11 ceed \$60,000, an amount in excess of
12 \$300.”.

13 (f) CONSUMER COUNSELING REQUIREMENTS.—Sec-
14 tion 129 of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639)
15 is amended by inserting after subsection (o) (as added by
16 subsection (e) of this section) the following:

17 “(p) CONSUMER COUNSELING REQUIREMENT.—

18 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A creditor may not extend
19 any credit in the form of a mortgage referred to in
20 section 103(aa) to any consumer, unless the creditor
21 has provided to the consumer, at such time before
22 the consummation of the mortgage and in such man-
23 ner as the Board shall provide by regulation—

24 “(A) all warnings and disclosures regard-
25 ing the risks of the mortgage to the consumer;

1 “(B) a separate written statement recom-
2 mending that the consumer take advantage of
3 available home ownership or credit counseling
4 services before agreeing to the terms of any
5 mortgage referred to in section 103(aa); and

6 “(C) a written statement containing the
7 names, addresses, and telephone numbers of
8 counseling agencies or programs reasonably
9 available to the consumer that have been cer-
10 tified or approved by the Secretary of Housing
11 and Urban Development, a State housing fi-
12 nance authority (as defined in section 1301 of
13 the Financial Institutions Reform, Recovery,
14 and Enforcement Act of 1989), or the agency
15 referred to in subsection (a) or (c) of section
16 108 with jurisdiction over the creditor as quali-
17 fied to provide counseling on—

18 “(i) the advisability of a high cost
19 loan transaction; and

20 “(ii) the appropriateness of a high
21 cost loan for the consumer.

22 “(2) COMPLETE AND UPDATED LISTS RE-
23 QUIRED.—Any failure to provide as complete or up-
24 dated a list under paragraph (1)(C) as is reasonably
25 possible shall constitute a violation of this section.”.

1 (g) ARBITRATION.—Section 129 of the Truth in
2 Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by inserting
3 after subsection (p) (as added by subsection (f) of this
4 section) the following:

5 “(q) ARBITRATION.—

6 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A mortgage referred to in
7 section 103(aa) may not include terms which require
8 arbitration or any other nonjudicial procedure as the
9 method for resolving any controversy or settling any
10 claims arising out of the transaction.

11 “(2) POST-CONTROVERSY AGREEMENTS.—Sub-
12 ject to paragraph (3), paragraph (1) shall not be
13 construed as limiting the right of the consumer and
14 the creditor to agree to arbitration or any other non-
15 judicial procedure as the method for resolving any
16 controversy at any time after a dispute or claim
17 under the transaction arises.

18 “(3) NO WAIVER OF STATUTORY CAUSE OF AC-
19 TION.—No provision of any mortgage referred to in
20 section 103(aa) or any agreement between the con-
21 sumer and the creditor shall be applied or inter-
22 preted so as to bar a consumer from bringing an ac-
23 tion in an appropriate district court of the United
24 States, or any other court of competent jurisdiction,
25 pursuant to section 130 or any other provision of

1 law, for damages or other relief in connection with
2 any alleged violation of this section, any other provi-
3 sion of this title, or any other Federal law.”.

4 (h) PROHIBITION ON EVASIONS.—Section 129 of the
5 Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1639) is amended by
6 inserting after subsection (q) (as added by subsection (g)
7 of this section) the following:

8 “(r) PROHIBITIONS ON EVASIONS, STRUCTURING OF
9 TRANSACTIONS, AND RECIPROCAL ARRANGEMENTS.—

10 “(1) IN GENERAL.—A creditor may not take
11 any action—

12 “(A) for the purpose or with the intent to
13 circumvent or evade any requirement of this
14 title, including entering into a reciprocal ar-
15 rangement with any other creditor or affiliate of
16 another creditor or dividing a transaction into
17 separate parts, for the purpose of evading or
18 circumventing any such requirement; or

19 “(B) with regard to any other loan or ex-
20 tension of credit for the purpose or with the in-
21 tent to evade the requirements of this title, in-
22 cluding structuring or restructuring a consumer
23 credit transaction as another form of loan, such
24 as a business loan.

1 “(2) OTHER ACTIONS.—In addition to the ac-
2 tions prohibited under paragraph (1), a creditor may
3 not take any action which the Board determines, by
4 regulation, constitutes a bad faith effort to evade or
5 circumvent any requirement of this section with re-
6 gard to a consumer credit transaction.

7 “(3) REGULATIONS.—The Board shall prescribe
8 such regulations as the Board determines to be ap-
9 propriate to prevent circumvention or evasion of the
10 requirements of this section or to facilitate compli-
11 ance with the requirements of this section.”.

12 **SEC. 5. AMENDMENTS RELATING TO RIGHT OF RESCIS-**
13 **SION.**

14 (a) TIMING OF WAIVER BY CONSUMER.—Section
15 125(a) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1635(a))
16 is amended—

17 (1) by striking “(a) Except as otherwise pro-
18 vided” and inserting “(a) RIGHT ESTABLISHED.—

19 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Except as otherwise pro-
20 vided”; and

21 (2) by adding at the end the following:

22 “(2) TIMING OF ELECTION OF WAIVER BY CON-
23 SUMER.—No election by a consumer to waive the
24 right established under paragraph (1) to rescind a
25 transaction shall be effective if—

1 “(A) the waiver was required by the cred-
2 itor as a condition for the transaction;

3 “(B) the creditor advised or encouraged
4 the consumer to waive such right of the con-
5 sumer; or

6 “(C) the creditor had any discussion with
7 the consumer about a waiver of such right dur-
8 ing the period beginning when the consumer
9 provides written acknowledgement of the receipt
10 of the disclosures and the delivery of forms and
11 information required to be provided to the con-
12 sumer under paragraph (1) and ending at such
13 time as the Board determines, by regulation, to
14 be appropriate.”.

15 (b) NONCOMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS AS
16 RECOUPMENT IN FORECLOSURE PROCEEDING.—Section
17 130(e) of the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1640(e))
18 is amended by inserting after the second sentence the fol-
19 lowing: “This subsection also does not bar a person from
20 asserting a rescission under section 125, in an action to
21 collect the debt as a defense to a judicial or nonjudicial
22 foreclosure after the expiration of the time periods for af-
23 firmative actions set forth in this section and section
24 125.”.

1 **SEC. 6. AMENDMENTS TO CIVIL LIABILITY PROVISIONS.**

2 (a) INCREASE IN AMOUNT OF CIVIL MONEY PEN-
3 ALTIES FOR CERTAIN VIOLATIONS.—Section 130(a) of
4 the Truth in Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1640(a)) is
5 amended—

6 (1) in paragraph (2)(A)(iii), by striking
7 “\$2,000” and inserting “\$10,000”; and

8 (2) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking “lesser of
9 \$500,000 or 1 percentum of the net worth of the
10 creditor” and inserting “the greater of—

11 “(i) the amount determined by multi-
12 plying the maximum amount of liability
13 under subparagraph (A) for such failure to
14 comply in an individual action by the num-
15 ber of members in the certified class; or

16 “(ii) the amount equal to 2 percent of
17 the net worth of the creditor.”.

18 (b) STATUTE OF LIMITATIONS EXTENDED FOR SEC-
19 TION 129 VIOLATIONS.—Section 130(e) of the Truth in
20 Lending Act (15 U.S.C. 1640(e)) (as amended by section
21 5(b) of this Act) is amended—

22 (1) in the first sentence, by striking “Any ac-
23 tion” and inserting “Except as provided in the sub-
24 sequent sentence, any action”; and

25 (2) by inserting after the first sentence the fol-
26 lowing: “Any action under this section with respect

1 to any violation of section 129 may be brought in
2 any United States district court, or in any other
3 court of competent jurisdiction, before the end of the
4 3-year period beginning on the date of the occur-
5 rence of the violation.”.

6 **SEC. 7. AMENDMENT TO FAIR CREDIT REPORTING ACT.**

7 Section 623 of the Fair Credit Reporting Act (15
8 U.S.C. 1681s-2) is amended by adding at the end the fol-
9 lowing:

10 “(e) DUTY OF CREDITORS WITH RESPECT TO HIGH
11 COST MORTGAGES.—

12 “(1) IN GENERAL.—Each creditor who enters
13 into a consumer credit transaction which is a mort-
14 gage referred to in section 103(aa), and each suc-
15 cessor to such creditor with respect to such trans-
16 action, shall report the complete payment history,
17 favorable and unfavorable, of the obligor with re-
18 spect to such transaction to a consumer reporting
19 agency that compiles and maintains files on con-
20 sumers on a nationwide basis at least quarterly, or
21 more frequently as required by regulation or in
22 guidelines established by participants in the sec-
23 ondary mortgage market, while such transaction is
24 in effect.

1 “(2) DEFINITIONS.—For purposes of paragraph
2 (1), the term ‘credit’ and ‘creditor’ have the same
3 meanings as in section 103 of the Truth in Lending
4 Act (15 U.S.C. 1602).”.

5 **SEC. 8. REGULATIONS.**

6 The Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Sys-
7 tem shall publish regulations implementing this Act and
8 the amendments made by this Act in final form before
9 the end of the 6-month period beginning on the date of
10 enactment of this Act.